



MK12 W

Service Manual

Partial service manual, originally photocopied in about 1975
by TonyWilk at Hull University

PRE-SET ADJUSTMENTS

As in the Mk.XI, there is no need for any external customer operated pre-set controls, as high quality components have been used where necessary to increase stability. However, certain pre-set controls are incorporated in the circuit design and although they should not need any adjustment on installation, the following procedure should be carried out if adjustment is necessary.

Height RV202

The height control mounted on the timebase board should be adjusted for 5% overscan. This corresponds to cutting off about half the castellations at the top and bottom of test card 'F'. *Adjustment to be carried out at low brilliance.*

Field Linearity RV203

This control also mounted on the timebase board should be adjusted for best overall linearity on test card 'F'.

Focus RV302

The focus control mounted on the line stage board is adjusted for optimum focus. *Care should be taken when adjusting this control as high voltages exist at this point.*

Line Hold RV201

The line hold control mounted on the timebase board should be adjusted as follows:-

1. Rotate scan coils so that the edges of raster are visible.
2. Adjust RV201 to centralise the picture within raster, break and re-connect signal to check that a locked picture is obtained.
3. Reset scan coils making sure that the position of the linearity sleeve has not been disturbed, otherwise the width setting will have been affected.

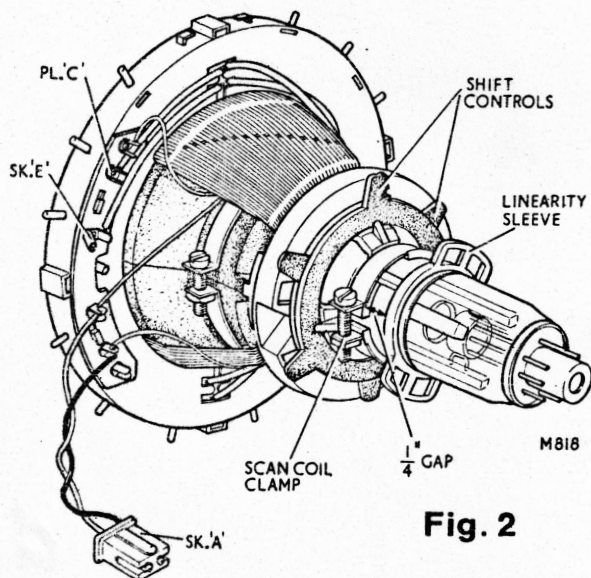


Fig. 2

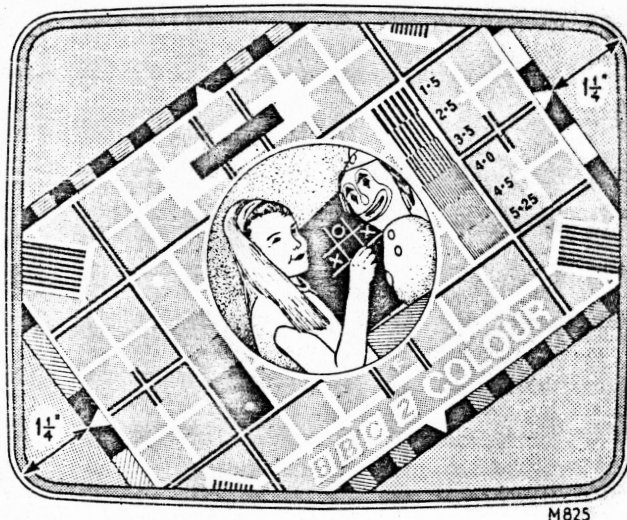


Fig. 3

Boost Set-Up RV301

This control mounted on the line stage board must be used in conjunction with the line linearity sleeve in order to set the picture width.

NOTE: *The following adjustment should also be made when the line stage board is changed during service.*

1. Ensure that RV202 (height) is set for 5% overscan.
2. Rotate the scan coils to give a diagonal picture.
3. Set the linearity sleeve so that there is a 1/4" gap between the black moulding on the sleeve and the moulding of the scan coils. See Fig. 2.
4. Connect positive lead of an Avo 8 to the boost end of C306 (junction of C306, C305 and R307).
5. Connect negative lead to C406 (H.T.).
6. Adjust RV301 (boost set-up) for 550V. This must be done at zero beam current.
7. The edge of the test card castellations should now be 1 1/4" short of the tube corners. See Fig. 3.
8. If the required width measurement has not been obtained, final adjustment should be made with the linearity sleeve and **NOT** by re-adjusting RV301.
9. Re-set the scan coils to square the picture taking care not to disturb the setting of the linearity sleeve.

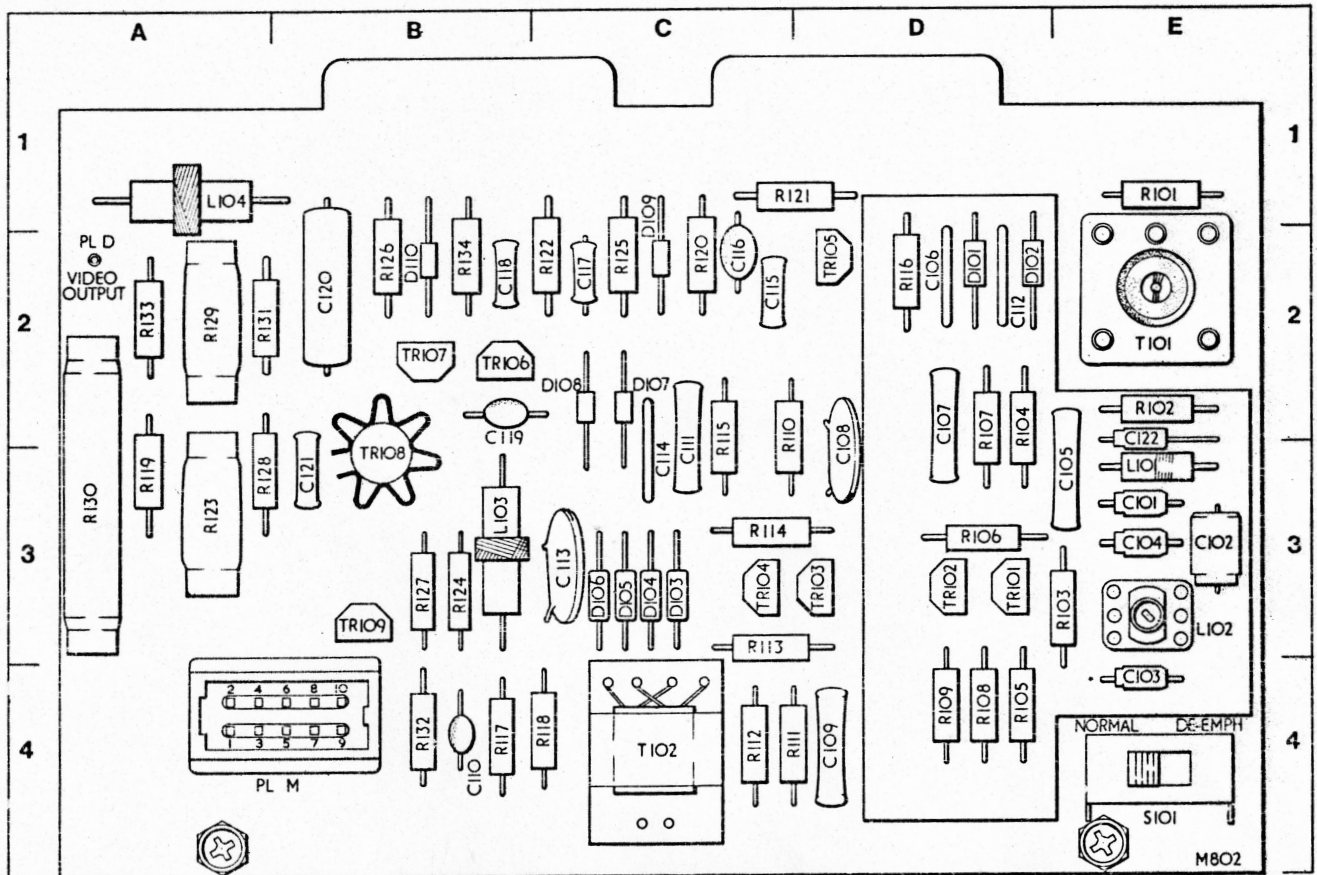


Fig. 5

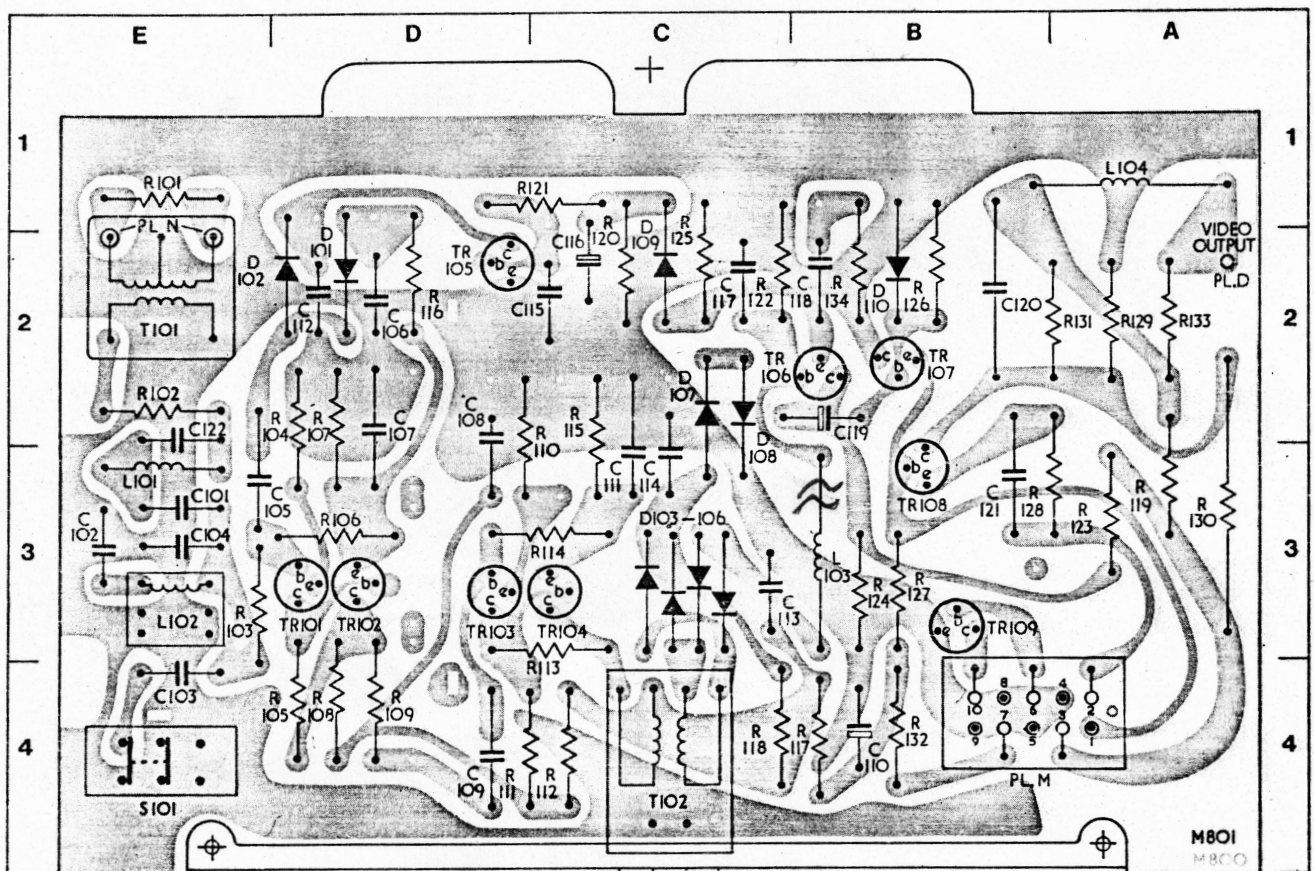


Fig. 6

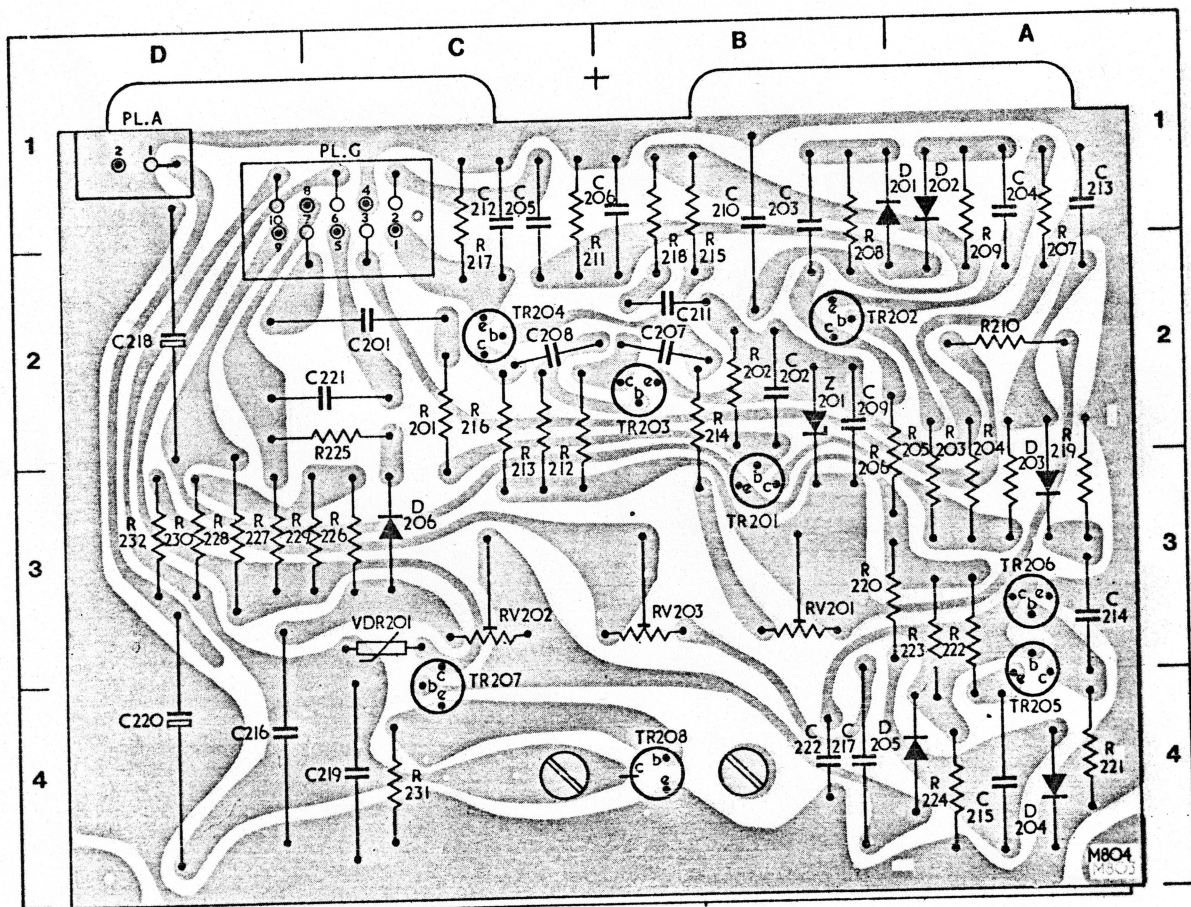
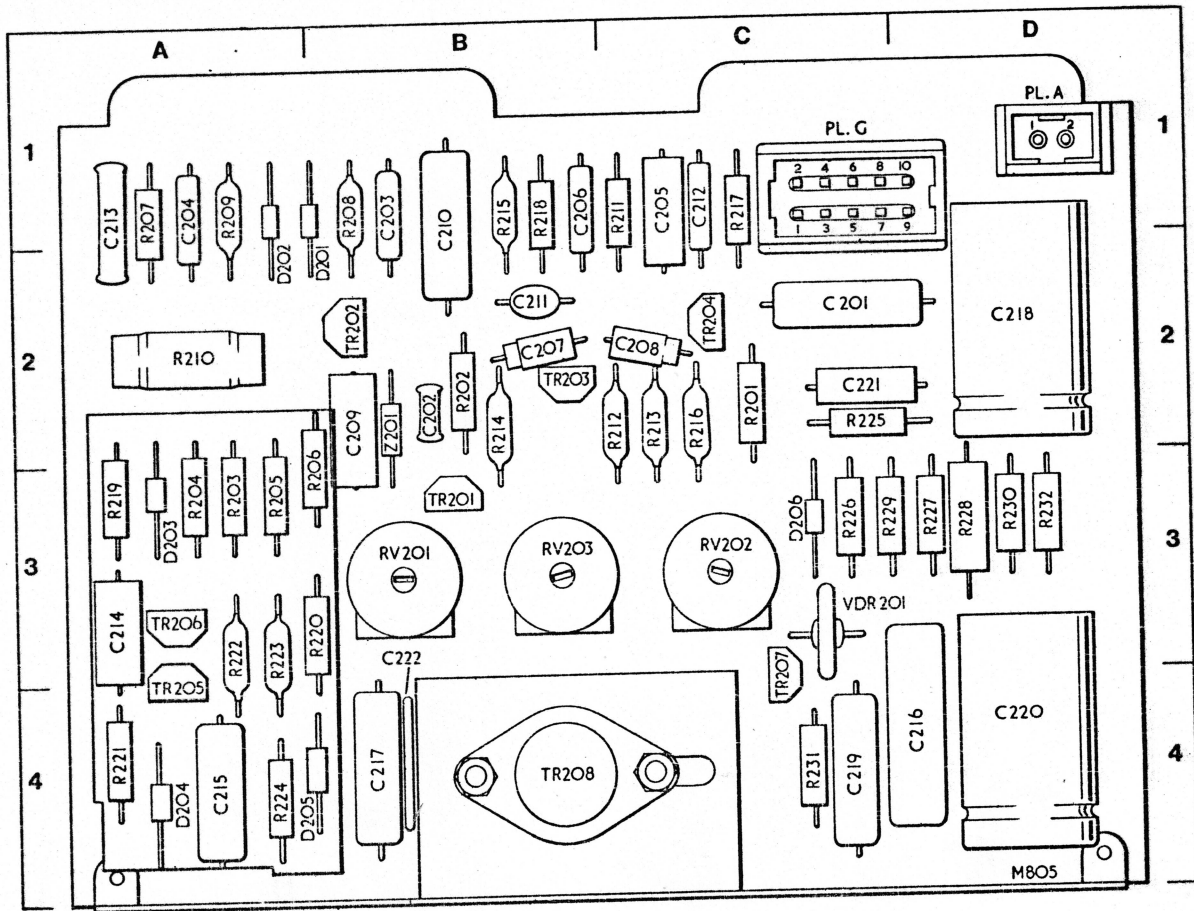


Fig. 9

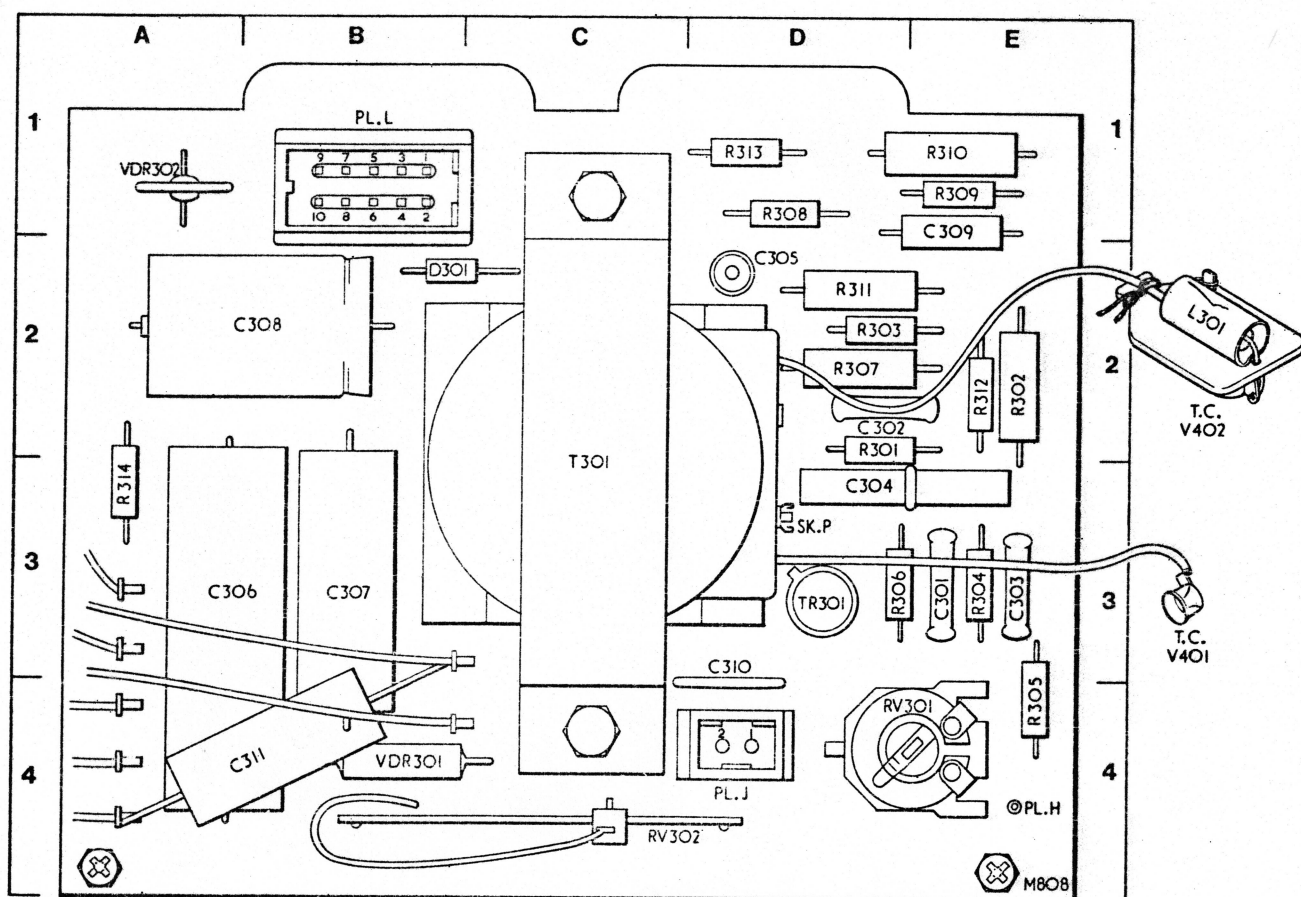


Fig.11

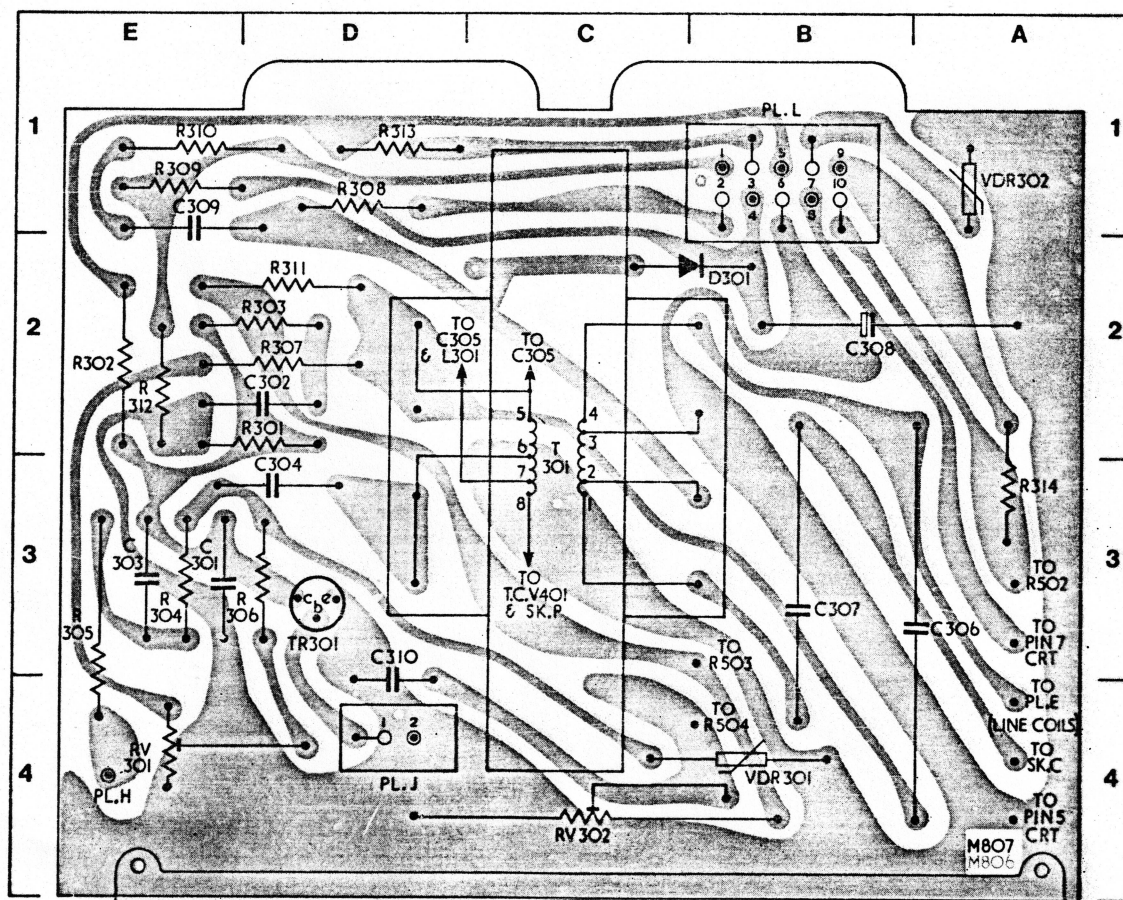
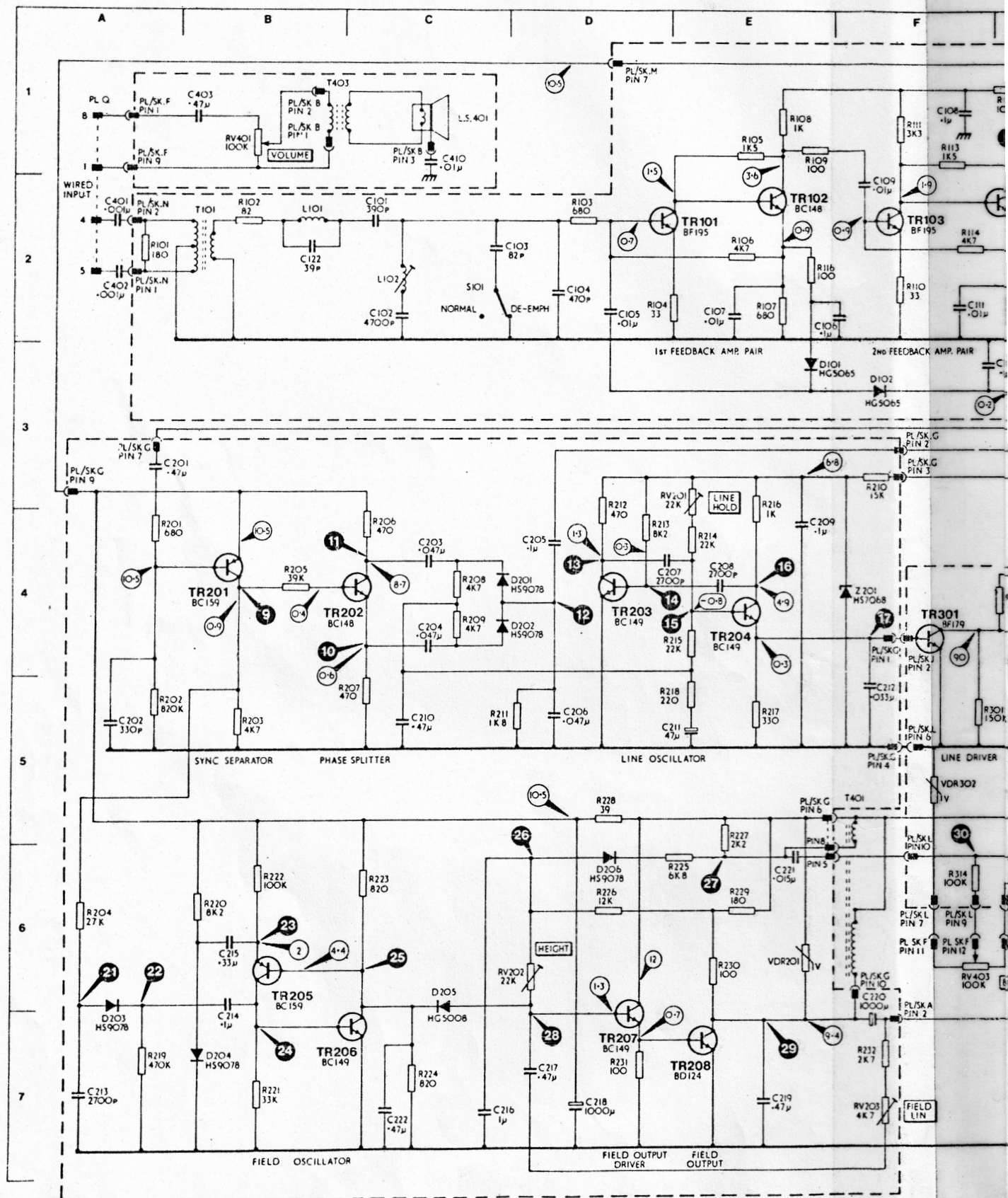
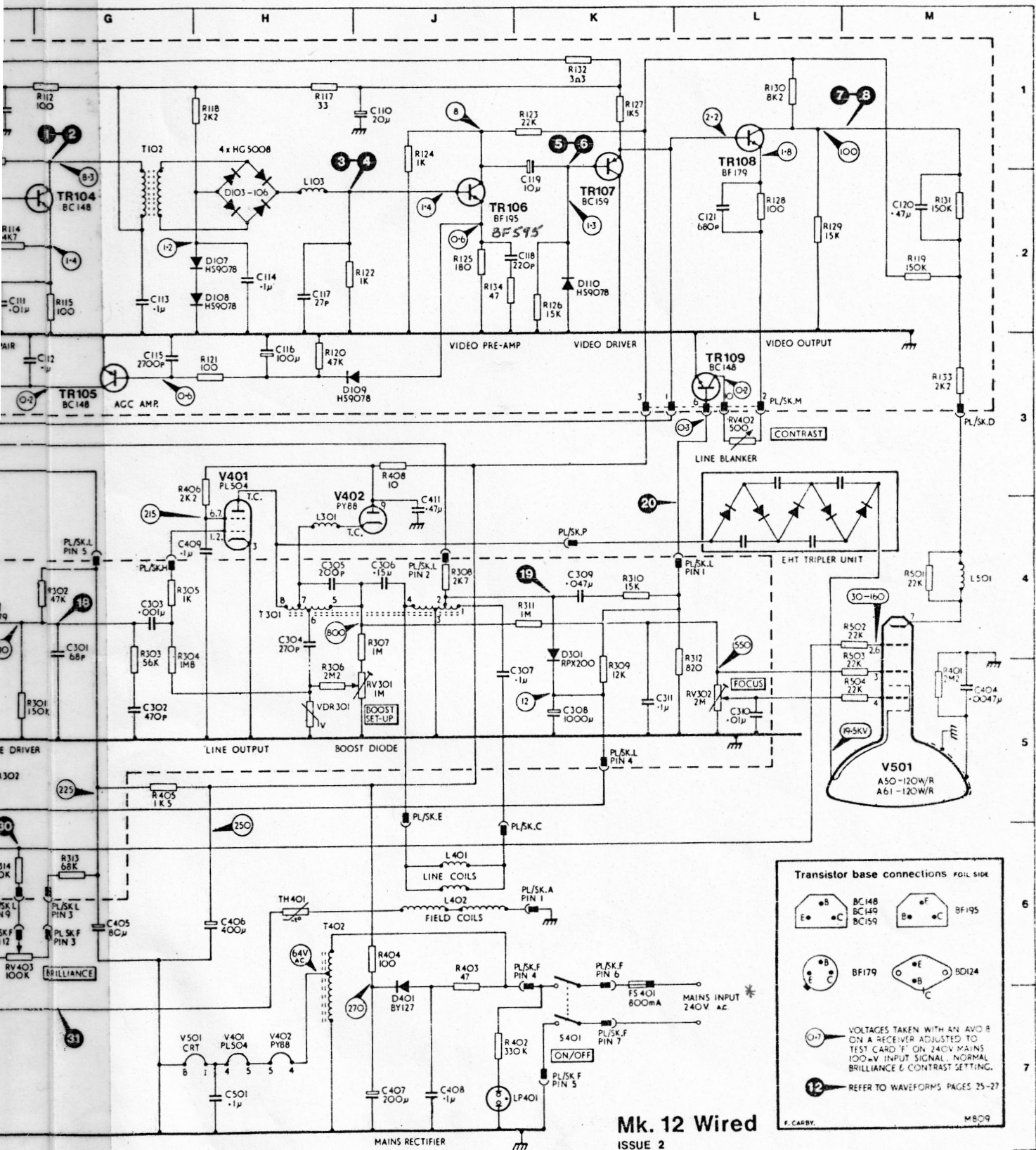
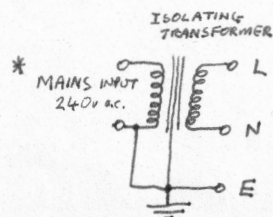


Fig.12





Mk. 12 Wired
ISSUE 2



CABLEFORM ROUTING CHART

The routing diagram shows connections between sockets on the main cable harness. Connections between fixed components mounted on the chassis are not shown.

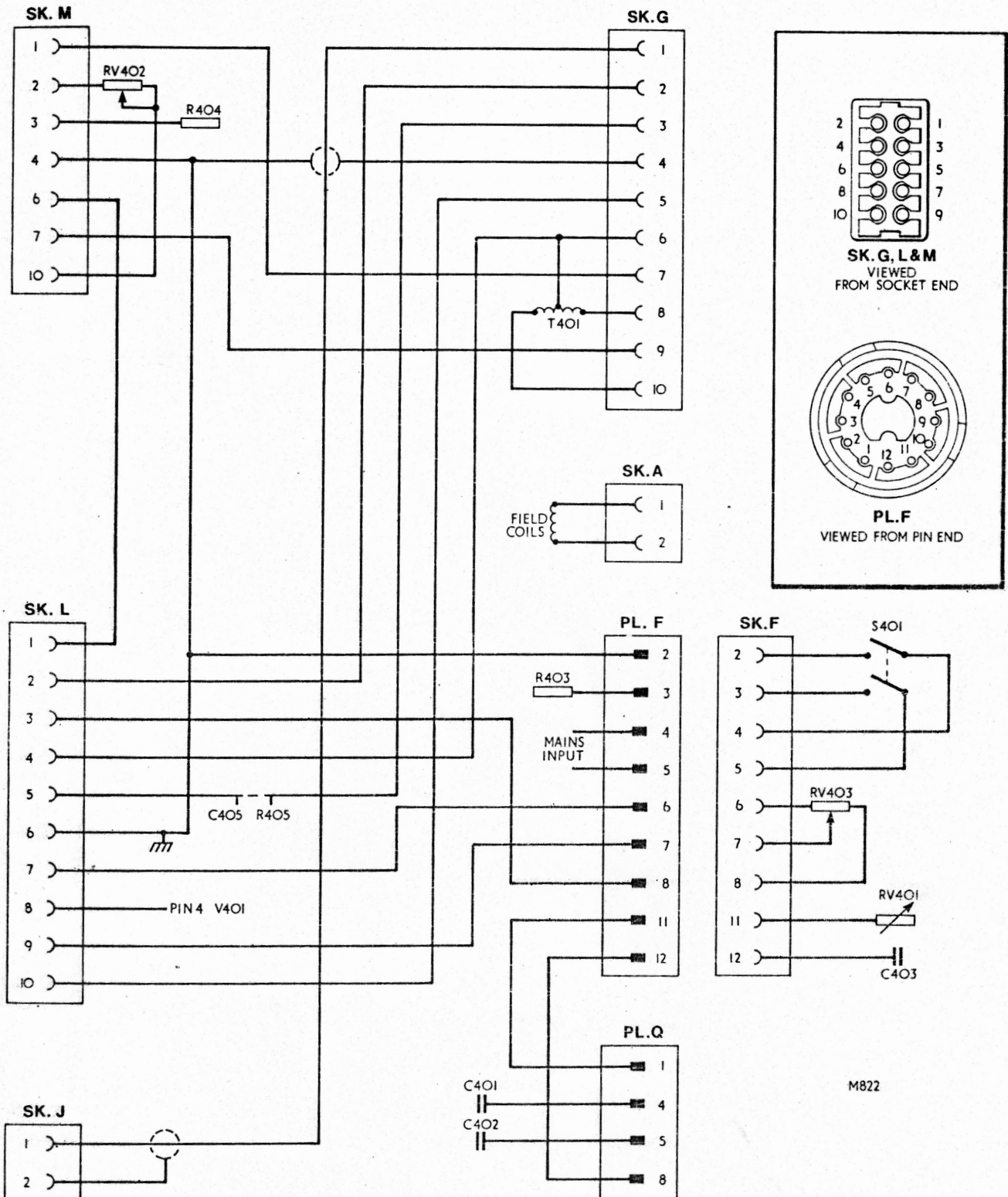
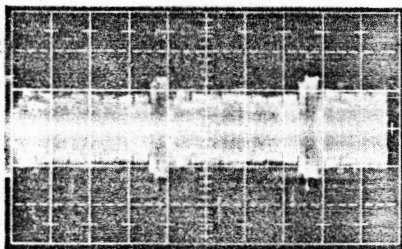


Fig. 15

WAVEFORMS

Signal voltage waveforms taken with a Dynamco wide-band oscilloscope, on a receiver adjusted to test card 'F' with normal brilliance and contrast settings. A x10 low capacity probe was used. The

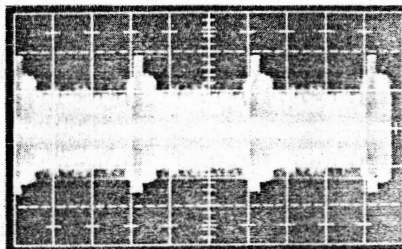
figures below the waveforms indicate the horizontal and vertical scale per division on the graticule. Waveforms 7 and 8 vary with contrast setting.



(frame)

1

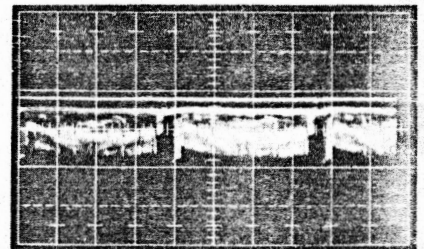
5mS/cm - 2V/cm



(line)

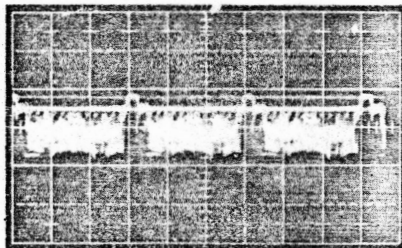
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20μS/cm - 2V/cm



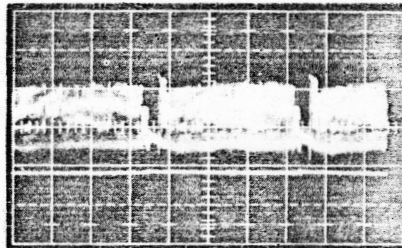
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5mS/cm - 0.5V/cm



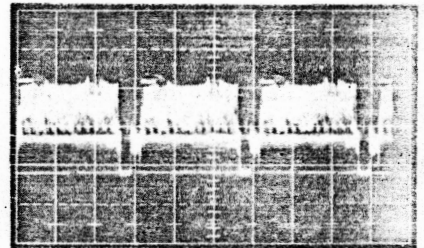
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20μS/cm - 0.5V/cm



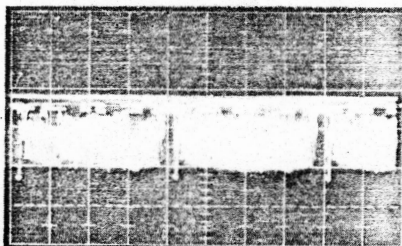
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5mS/cm - 2V/cm



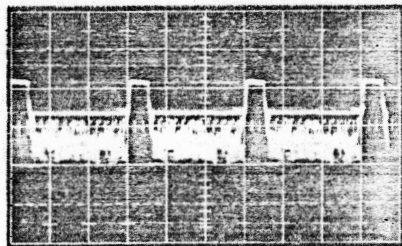
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20μS/cm - 2V/cm



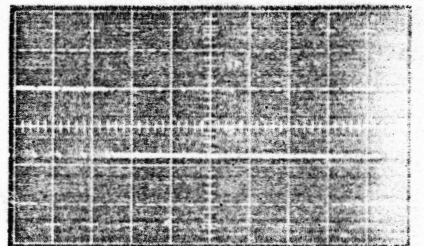
7

5mS/cm - 50V/cm



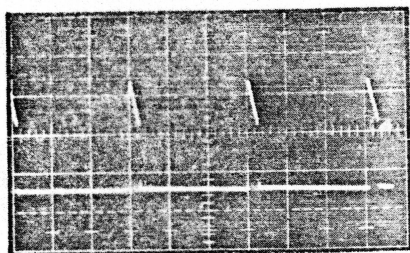
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20μS/cm - 50V/cm

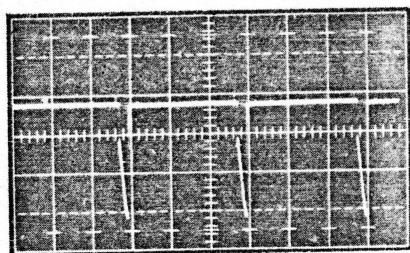


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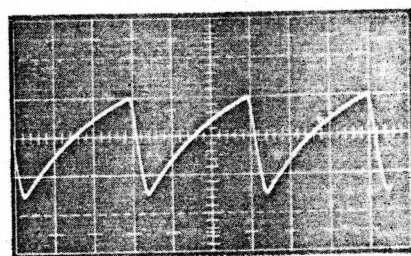
50μS/cm - 5V/cm



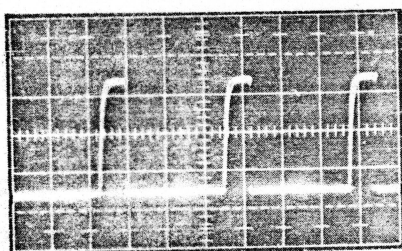
10 $20\mu\text{S/cm} - 2\text{V/cm}$



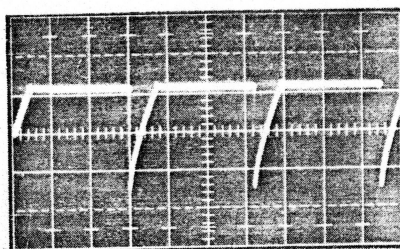
11 $20\mu\text{S/cm} - 2\text{V/cm}$



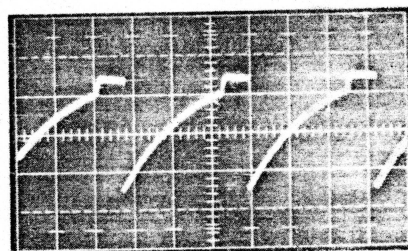
12 $20\mu\text{S/cm} - 2\text{V/cm}$



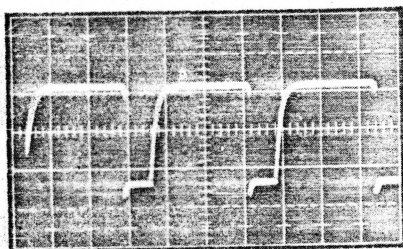
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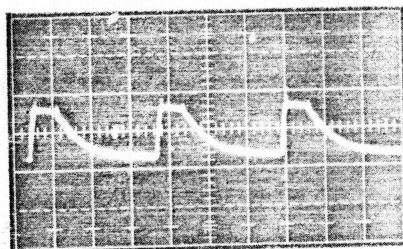
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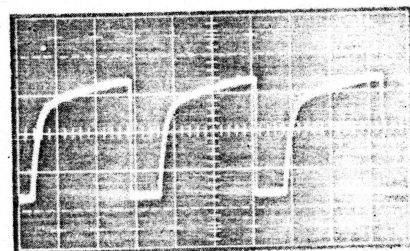
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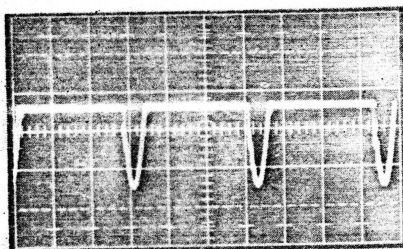
16 $20\mu\text{S/cm} - 2\text{V/cm}$



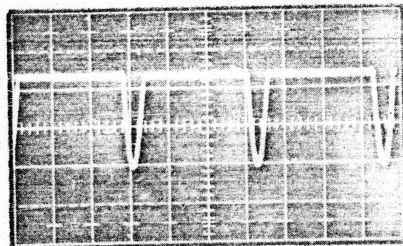
17 $20\mu\text{S/cm} - 0.5\text{V/cm}$



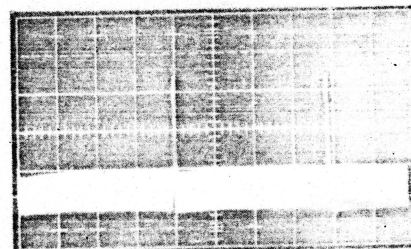
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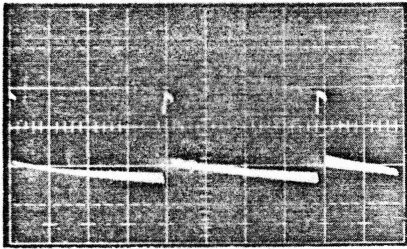
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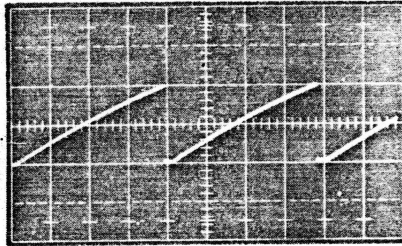
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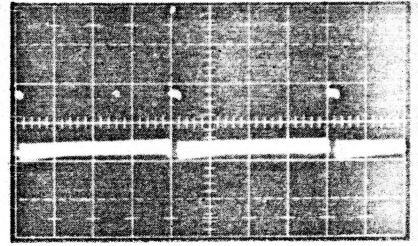
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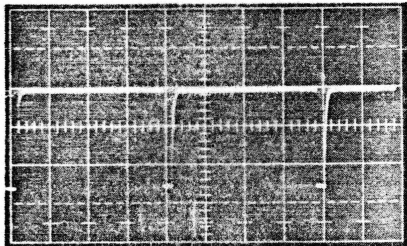
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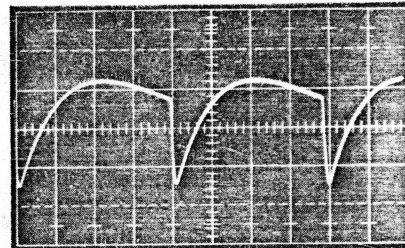
23 5mS/cm — 2V/cm



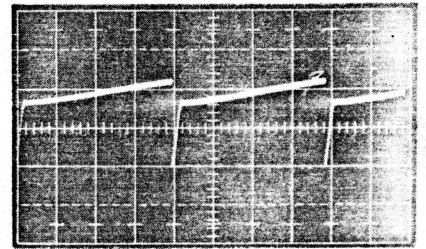
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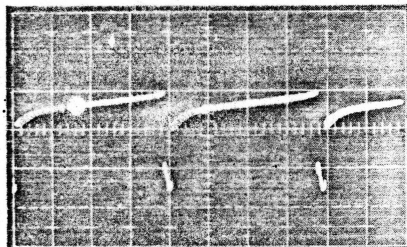
25 5mS/cm — 2V/cm



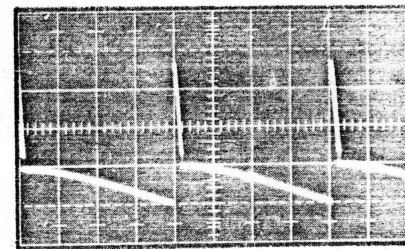
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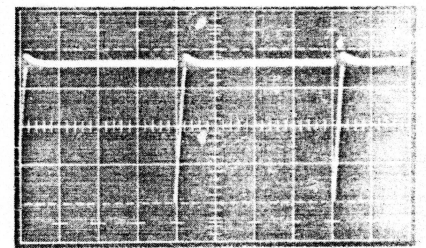
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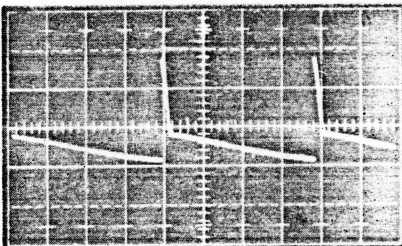
28 5mS/cm — 0.5V/cm



29 5mS/cm — 10V/cm



30 5mS/cm — 20V/cm



31 5mS/cm — 20V/cm